Shauna R. Miller, Bar No. 015197 State Bar of Arizona 111 West Monroe, Suite 1800 Phoenix, Arizona 85003-1742 Telephone (602) 340-7278 Senior Bar Counsel

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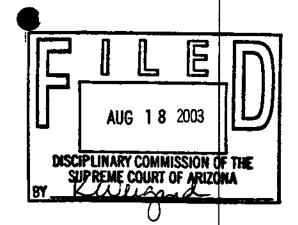
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Mark I. Harrison, Bar No. 001226

Bryan Cave LLP
Two North Central Avenue, Suite 2200
Phoenix, AZ 85004-4406
Telephone (602) 364-7405
Respondent's counsel

BEFORE THE DISCIPLINARY COMMISSION OF THE SUPREME COURT OF ARIZONA

IN THE MATTER OF A MEMBER OF THE STATE BAR OF ARIZONA

ROBERT J. TRAICA Bar No. 006505,

Respondent.

File No. 01-1392

TENDER OF ADMISSIONS AND AGREEMENT FOR DISCIPLINE BY CONSENT

This agreement is entered into between the State Bar of Arizona and respondent Robert J. Traica, who is represented by Mark I. Harrison, and is submitted pursuant to Rule 56(a), Ariz.R.S.Ct. and the guidelines for discipline by consent issued by the Disciplinary Commission of the Supreme Court of Arizona. Respondent's admissions to the charges are being tendered in exchange for the form of discipline stated herein, subject to review and acceptance by the Disciplinary Commission.

Respondent entered into an agreement to settle a lawsuit that included a broad release for any future claim for malpractice liability with unrepresented former clients without first advising the clients in writing to seek independent representation. Respondent will receive a censure for his conduct and has agreed that the memorandum of understanding in file no. 99-2054 will be extended to run concurrent with the memorandum of understanding in file no. 01-1391¹.

This agreement serves the purposes of discipline in that it protects the public and will deter other lawyers from engaging in similar misconduct. Restitution is not applicable in this matter. Respondent shall pay all costs and expenses incurred in these discipline matters. The joint memorandum in support of the agreement by consent is filed contemporaneously herewith.

FACTS

- 1. Respondent was admitted to practice law in Arizona on October 4, 1980.
- A probable cause order was entered in this matter on June 10, 2002 (Exhibit
 A). A formal complaint has not been filed.
- 3. On or about June 28, 1993, Bruce and Wendy Shpiller ("the Shpillers") and Robert Berken ("Berken") formed a L.L.C. Foster & Earle, P.C. ("Foster &

¹ Respondent Steven Feola

against Berken.

- 5. On December 10, 1993, the firm filed a complaint on behalf of the Shpillers against Berken. On April 29, 1994, Berken filed a personal Chapter 13 bankruptcy petition staying the litigation.
- 6. On April 10, 1996, the firm filed a legal malpractice claim against Foster & Earle and Robert Earle on behalf of the Shpillers. Also included as defendants were Michael Lynn and the Bank of America.
- 7. Rose Marsac, a friend of the Shpillers, agreed to be jointly and severally responsible with the Shpillers for the payment of their attorney's fees, but she was not a client of the firm.
- 8. A dispute arose in connection with the payment of legal fees and Respondent's firm withdrew from representing the Shpillers and filed a lawsuit against the Shpillers and Marsac for non-payment of attorney's fees.
- 9. On July 23, 1998, the Shpillers, Marsac and Respondent's firm entered into a settlement agreement concerning the lawsuit brought by the firm to recover its attorney's fees.

10.Respondent contends he researched ER 1.8(h) prior to preparation of the settlement agreement and concluded it did not apply. For purposes of this agreement, the State Bar does not dispute this contention.

- 11.Respondent prepared the settlement agreement entered into between the Shpillers and the firm.
- 12. Although the Shpillers were represented by independent counsel for purposes of the lawsuit against Foster & Earle, et al., Respondent did not confirm whether the Shpillers were receiving independent counsel specifically for purposes of the settlement agreement and they were not advised in writing to seek independent representation relating thereto before entering into the agreement and signing the release.
- 13. The settlement agreement contained a release that barred all future actions, including any malpractice action, arising from the firm's representation of the Shpillers.

CONDITIONAL ADMISSIONS

Respondent conditionally admits that his conduct as described above violated Rule 42, Ariz.R.S.Ct., specifically, ER 1.8(h).

SANCTION

Respondent and the State Bar agree that on the basis of the conditional admissions contained herein, the appropriate disciplinary sanction is as follows:

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- 2. Respondent is currently participating in the State Bar's diversion program in an unrelated matter and the memorandum of understanding in that matter will be extended to run concurrent with the memorandum of understanding in file no. 01-1391². This term is intended to ensure that the Respondent in this matter and the Respondent in File No. 01-1391 will work together to ensure appropriate supervision of lawyers and staff during the period of diversion specified in the Memorandum of Understanding in File No. 01-1391. However, even if the diversion in File No. 01-1391 is extended beyond its present term, the diversion in the present matter will terminate on June 17, 2005.
- 3. Respondent shall be assessed the costs and expenses incurred in these disciplinary matters, pursuant to Rule 52(a)(8), Ariz.R.S.Ct. A statement of costs and expenses is attached hereto (Exhibit B).

Respondent, by entering into this agreement, waives his right to a formal disciplinary hearing that he would otherwise be entitled to pursuant to Rule

² Respondent and Mr. Feola, the respondent in file no. 01-1391, are partners in the law firm of Smith, Feola & Traica (fka Smith & Feola). Mr. Feola entered into a memorandum of understanding with the State Bar to address supervision issues over the firm's associate attorneys. Respondent's current memorandum in file no. 99-2053 will run concurrently with Mr. Feola's memorandum in file no. 01-1391.

53(c)6, Ariz.R.S.Ct., and the right to testify or present witnesses on his behalf at a hearing. Respondent further waives all motions, defenses, objections, or requests which he has made or raised, or could assert hereafter, if the conditional admissions and stated form of discipline are approved. Respondent has the assistance of counsel in these proceedings. Respondent acknowledges that he has read this agreement and received a copy of it.

This tender of admissions and agreement for discipline by consent will be submitted to the Disciplinary Commission for approval. Respondent realizes that the Commission may request his presence at a hearing for presentation of evidence and/or oral argument in support of this agreement. He further recognizes that the Commission may recommend rejection of this agreement, and that the Arizona Supreme Court may accept or reject the Commission's recommendation. If the Arizona Supreme Court or the Disciplinary Commission rejects this agreement, Respondent's conditional admissions are withdrawn.

This agreement, with conditional admissions, is submitted freely and voluntarily and not under coercion or intimidation. I am aware of the Rules of the Supreme Court with respect to discipline and reinstatement.

SMITH, FEOLA & TRAICA, P.C.

Robert J. Traica Respondent

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1	DATED this // day of august, 2003.
2	BRYAN CAVE LLP
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4	Musk Harrison
5	Mark I. Harrison
6	Respondent's Counsel
7	DATED this
8	STATE BAR OF ARIZONA
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10	Shawkhull
11	Shauna R. Miller
12	Senior Bar Counsel
13	
14	Approved as to form and content:
15	1 1 policy
16	Robert Van Wyok Chief Bar Counsel
17	Ciller Dar Courses
	Original filed this 18th day
18	of august, 2003, with the
19	Disciplinary Clerk's Office
20	Copy of the foregoing hand delivered
21	this 18th day of Congress, 2003, to:
22	Dee Steadman
23	Lawyer Regulation Records Manager
24	111 West Monroe St., Suite 1800
25	Phoenix, AZ 85003

ŀ Copy of the foregoing mailed this 18th day of Conquet, 2003, to: Mark I. Harrison Bryan Cave LLP Two North Central Avenue, Suite 2200 Phoenix, AZ 85004-4406 Respondent's counsel by: Botan T. Chamble

Shauna R. Miller, Bar No. 015197 State Bar of Arizona 111 West Monroe, Suite 1800 Phoenix, Arizona 85003-1742 Telephone (602) 340-7278 Senior Bar Counsel

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AUG 18 2003

DISCIPLINARY COMMISSION OF THE SUPREME COURT OF ARIZONA

BY

DISCIPLINARY COMMISSION OF THE SUPREME COURT OF ARIZONA

Mark I. Harrison, Bar No. 001226

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Respondent's counsel

BEFORE THE DISCIPLINARY COMMISSION OF THE SUPREME COURT OF ARIZONA

IN THE MATTER OF A MEMBER OF THE STATE BAR OF ARIZONA

ROBERT J. TRAICA Bar No. 006505,

Respondent.

File No. 01-1392

JOINT MEMORANDUM IN SUPPORT OF THE AGREEMENT FOR DISCIPLINE BY CONSENT

The State Bar of Arizona and respondent Robert J. Traica, who is represented by Mark I. Harrison, hereby submit their Joint Memorandum in Support of the Agreement for Discipline by Consent.

Respondent entered into an agreement to settle a lawsuit that included a broad release for any future claim for malpractice liability with unrepresented former clients without first advising the former clients in writing to seek independent representation. Respondent will receive a censure for his conduct and

has agreed that the memorandum of understanding in file no. 99-2054 will be extended to run concurrent with the memorandum of understanding in file no. 01-1391¹.

This agreement serves the purposes of discipline in that it protects the public and will deter other lawyers from engaging in similar misconduct. Restitution is not applicable in this matter. Respondent shall pay all costs and expenses incurred in these discipline matters. The Tender of Admission and Agreement for Discipline by Consent is filed contemporaneously herewith.

In arriving at the agreed upon sanctions, consideration was given to the ABA Standards for Imposing Lawyer Sanctions ("ABA Standards"), Rule 52(a)(11), Ariz. R. S. Ct., and case law.

ABA STANDARDS

The ABA Standards are designed to promote consistency in the imposition of sanctions by identifying relevant factors that courts should consider and then applying these factors to situations where lawyers have engaged in various types of misconduct. ABA Standard 1.3, Commentary.

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¹ Respondent Steven Feola

In this matter, consideration was given to ABA Standard 4.33. Censure is generally appropriate when a lawyer is negligent in determining whether there is a conflict of interest and causes injury or potential injury to a client.

Here, respondent's firm had represented Mr. and Mrs. Shpiller in litigation. A friend of the clients', Rose Marsac, had agreed to be jointly and severally responsible for payment of the fees for the representation, but a dispute arose concerning payment of the fees. Respondent, on behalf of his firm, negotiated a settlement of the suit for fees with the clients and Ms. Marsac. Respondent mistakenly believed the clients were represented by independent counsel and did not advise the clients in writing to review with independent counsel the proposed settlement agreement, which contained a release barring future claims against respondent's firm. Respondent maintains that he researched ER 1.8(h) but concluded it did not apply.

In determining an appropriate sanction, both the Court and the Commission consider the duty violated, the lawyer's mental state, the actual or potential injury caused by the misconduct, and the existence of aggravating and mitigating factors.

Matter of Tarletz, 163 Ariz. 548, 789 P.2d 1049 (1990); ABA Standard 3.0.

Respondent was negligent in determining there was a conflict of interest in preparing a settlement document for former clients that contained a broad release, without advising the former clients in writing to obtain independent

representation. There was client harm due to respondent's negligence as it prolonged and expanded the later malpractice action the former clients filed against respondent and his firm.

In deciding what sanction to impose the following aggravating and mitigating circumstances should be considered.

In aggravation:

Standard 9.22(i) substantial experience in the practice of law. Respondent has been in practice for twenty three years in the State of Arizona.

In mitigation:

Standard 9.32(e) full and free disclosure. Respondent cooperated with the State Bar during its investigation.

PROPORTIONALITY ANALYSIS

Sanctions against lawyers must have internal consistency to maintain an effective and enforceable system; therefore, the court looks to cases that are factually similar to the case before it. *In re Pappas*, 159 Ariz. 516, 526, 768 P.2d 1161, 1171, (1988).

In In re Preston, 111 Ariz. 102,m523 P.2d 1303 (1974), Preston was censured for dictating a release and presenting it to his client for his signature after the client fired Preston and asked for his file back. The release exonerated and/or limited Preston's liability to the client. The client refused to sign the release and

left without his file. The Court stated that it did not matter that Preston contended that he had not committed malpractice, that the "offending document" was a violation of DR6-102(A)². Although this case deals with DR6-102(A), the notes to ER 1.8(h) state that ER 1.8(h) deals with the same subject as DR 6-102(A).

In addition to *Preston*, there is an instructive 1999 Supreme Court of

In addition to *Preston*, there is an instructive 1999 Supreme Court of Kansas case involving similar facts. Kansas' Rules of Professional Conduct, ER 1.8(h), is identical to Arizona's ER 1.8(h). In *In re Carson*, 268 Kan. 134, 991 P.2d 896 (1999), Carson was retained to represent a client in post divorce child support matters. Carson filed a limited action in Wyandotte County to collect his fees when the client failed to pay him. The limited action was dismissed with prejudice when the parties signed a mutual release and satisfaction. Carson did not inform the client to consult independent counsel before signing the mutual release. Carson argued in his disciplinary hearing that he did not violate ER 1.8(h) because at the time the release was signed, the client had not asserted a claim for malpractice. The Kansas Supreme Court found that it did not matter that no actual claim existed at the time the release was filed. Respondent still had a duty to first advise the client in writing that independent representation was appropriate in

² DR6-102(A) provides: "A lawyer shall not attempt to exonerate himself from or limit his liability to his client for his personal malpractice."

connection therewith. There were five aggravating factors and four mitigating factors. Carson received a censure.

In this case, respondent entered into an agreement to settle a lawsuit that included a broad release for any future claim for malpractice liability with unrepresented former clients without first advising the clients in writing to seek independent representation.

Based on the aforementioned, the State Bar and respondent agree that respondent's conduct in this matter warrants a censure, continuation of his diversion contract, and the costs and expenses incurred in these disciplinary matters and respectfully request the imposition of same herein.

<u>CONCLUSION</u>

Recognizing that it is the prerogative of the Disciplinary Commission to determine the appropriate sanction, it is nevertheless the belief of the State Bar and respondent that the objectives of discipline will be met by the imposition of a censure, the continuation of the prior diversion agreement, and the costs and expenses of these proceedings.

DATED this 22 day of July , 2003.

SMITH, FEOLA & TRAICA, P.C.

Robert 1/2

Respondent

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2	DATED this 24 day of /u/y , 2003.
3	BRYAN CAVE LLP
4	8. 1. 1/ -
	Mark Harrison
5	Mark I. Harrison
6	Respondent's Counsel
7	DATED this
8	STATE BAR OF ARIZONA
9	01-00
10	Thoughtill
11	Shauna R. Miller
12	Senior Bar Counsel
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14	Approved as to form and content:
15	1 All coly
16	Robert Van Wyck Chief Bar Counsel
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18	Original filed this 18 th day
19	of Original filed this 72 200 day of Original filed this 72 200 day Disciplinary Clerk's Office
20	Disciplinary Clerk's Office
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1	Copy of the foregoing hand delivered
2	this 18th day of august, 2003, to:
3	Dee Steadman
4	Lawyer Regulation Records Manager 111 West Monroe St., Suite 1800
5	Phoenix, AZ 85003
6	Copy of the foregoing mailed
7	this /9# day of Organit, 2003, to:
8	Mark I. Harrison
9	Bryan Cave LLP Two North Central Avenue, Suite 2200
10	Phoenix, AZ 85004-4406 Respondent's counsel
11	_
12	by: Barton T. Chartle
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